

BACHA KHAN MEDICAL COLLEGE, MARDAN

FOUNDATION II MODULE (5 WEEKS)

STUDY GUIDE

3RD YEAR MBBS

Prepared by: Dr. Khalida Kousar Department of Pathology

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MISSION STATEMENT

BACHA KHAN MEDICAL COLLEGE IS COMMITTED TO TRAIN STUDENTS TO BECOME KNOWLEDGEABLE, SKILLFUL AND EMPATHETIC TO MEET THE NEEDS OF SOCIETY WITH EMPHASIS ON RESEARCH PROFESSIONALISM AND HEALTH ADVOCACY.

VISION STATEMENT

BECOME A PROMINENT REGIONAL HEALTH CARE CENTER FOCUSED ON IMPROVING INDIVIDUAL AND COMMUNITY HEALTH AND ACHIEVING NATIONAL AND INTERNATIONAL STANDARDS OF EXCELLENCE.

BKMC OUTCOMES

At the end of graduation, BKMC graduates should be able to

- 1. Apply core medical and scientific knowledge to individual patients, populations and health systems
- 2. Demonstrate a commitment to excellence, evidence-based practice and the generation of new scientific knowledge.
- 3. Demonstrate by listening, sharing and responding, the ability to communicate clearly, sensitively and effectively with patients, their family, doctors and other health professionals.
- 4. Elicit an accurate, organized and problem focused medical history, including family and social occupational and lifestyle features, from the patient and other sources.
- 5. Describe health policy and planning
- Demonstrate preventing practices related to communicable, non-communicable diseases and injuries.
- 7. Explain the socio-economic determinants of health-related events.
- 8. Demonstrate all the attitudes of medical professionalism and bio ethics.

INTRODUCTION TO STUDY GUIDE

This study guide is designed for MBBS undergraduate student of BKMC to provide them a resource material that will highlight the important aspects of curriculum to make them self-regulated lifelong learners.

This study guide will give an overview of course outcomes and objectives in relation to course content. The assessment methodologies along with blue-prints are also provided.

This study guide has been carefully designed, keeping in view PMC and KMU curriculum and guide lines. Dedicated effort by faculty is done to make this guide tailored to student's needs.

INTRODUCTION TO THE MODULE

The Bacha Khan Medical College Foundation II Module is designed to provide both basic and clinical knowledge and skills to the medical students. The module is aligned to the general outcomes required at the exit level, and includes sessions on preventive medicine, medico legal, communication skills, professionalism, self-management, and developing scholarly skills.

This module will be of 5 weeks duration and the assessment will be carried out through MCQs and OSPE.

LIST OF DEPARTMENT FACULTY

S.NO	NAMES	DESIGNATION
1.	DR. Mohtasim Billah	Professor
2.	DR. Nazish Farooq	Professor
3.	DR. Komal	Assistant professor
4.	DR. Zarmina	Assistant professor
5.	DR. Khalida	Assistant professor
6.	DR. Zahir shah	Senior lecturer
7.	DR. Sadia Imad	Senior lecturer
8.	DR. Zainab	Lecturer
9.	DR. Ayesha Gohar	Lecturer
10.	DR. Mashal Riaz	Lecturer
11.	Dr. Jawad Ahmad	Lecturer

MODULAR COMMITTEE FOR FOUNDATION II MODULE

Module Coordinator:

Co Coordinators:

Dr. Khalida Kousar (Pathology) (0335-9271962) Dr. Abdullah (Forensic Medicine) Dr. Fazli Rabbi (Pharmacology) Dr. Huma Habib (Community Medicine) Mr. Muhammad Arif (J.Clerk Pathology)

Medical Educationist:

Dr. Imtiaz ud Din (0332-9485318)

List of Themes Total Duration: 5 weeks

Theme	Duration
Molecules and Bacteria	3 weeks
Cell injury, Ageing and Death	2 weeks

General learning Outcomes

By the end of Foundation-2 Module, 3rd year MBBS students will be able to:

- 1) Define pathology, its different branches and enumerate clinically important bacteria.
- Describe the structure of bacterial cell and mechanisms by which they cause the disease.
- Describe methods used to identify different microbes in laboratory and explain the interventions employed to prevent infections including vaccines.
- Describe cell injury, its different mechanisms and sub cellular responses to cell injury.
- 5) Describe necrosis, apoptosis and adaptive changes seen in clinical settings and its identification in surgical specimens.
- 6) Define common terms related to Pharmacology.
- 7) Describe the basic principles of pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamics and apply these principles to clinical practice as they relate to drug absorption, distribution, metabolism, excretion, mechanism of action, clinical action and toxicity.
- 8) Describe the cellular and biochemical sites where drugs bind to act.
- 9) Describe the general principles of drug interactions in relation to clinical practice.
- 10) Describe the process of new drug development.
- 11) Identify different dosage forms of drugs.
- 12) Demonstrate searching accurate information quickly in a formulary.
- 13) Demonstrate administration of a drug through intramuscular and intravenous routes.
- 14) Write down the basic format of drug prescription and describe the general principles of prescribing drugs.
- 15) Write correctly medical abbreviations used in clinical practice.
- 16) Identify commonly used equipments in Pharmacy.
- 17) Describe Forensic medicine, its different branches and importance.
- 18) Describe law and its various components.
- 19) Describe autopsy, its protocols and related hazards.
- 20) Describe different refractive errors and its management.
- 21) Explain causes of watery eyes in both infants and elders and its management.

- 22) Describe the basic concept of health, disease and primary health care.
- 23) Demonstrate different pathological laboratory procedures and identify gross and microscopic features in the given specimens.
- 24) Demonstrate professionalism, respect, honesty and compassion by behaving in a courteous manner with colleagues and teachers during course activities like long lectures, SGDs and Practicals.
- 25) Describe the PMDC code of Ethics
- 26) Describe the steps of process of developing a research protocol

Specific Learning Objectives

Theme-1 (Molecules and Bacteria)				
Subject	Торіс	Sr.	Learning objectives	
			At the end of this module, the	
			students of year-3 will be able to:	
Pharmacology	Introduction to	1	Define basic terms like Pharmacology,	
	the subject		Clinical Pharmacology, Therapeutics,	
			drug, medicine, pro-drugs, prototype	
			drugs, Materia medica, pharmacopoeia,	
			poisons, toxins, pharmacokinetics,	
			pharmacodynamics, excipient	
			(vehicle), compounding and	
			dispensing.	
		2	Describe the branches of Pharmacology	
			like Pharmacy, Pharmacognosy,	
			pharmacogenetics, pharmacogenomics,	
			toxicology and	
			posology.	
		3	Define prescription drugs, OTC	
			drugs, WHO essential drugs and	
			Orphan drugs with examples.	
	Nomenclature of	4	Describe how drugs are named, i.e.	
	drugs		chemical, generic, approved, official	
			and trade names of drugs	
			with examples.	
	Sources of drugs	5	Enlist various sources of drugs.	

	6	
	6	Give examples of drugs obtained
		from plants, animals, mineral and
		synthetic sources.
	7	Describe the genetic engineering
		source of drugs with examples.
Active principles	8	Enlist important principles of crude
of crude drugs		drugs with examples.
Routes of drug	9	Enlist various routes of drug
administration		administration.
	10	Describe the merits and demerits of
		oral, sublingual, rectal, intramuscular,
		subcutaneous, intravenous, intra-
		arterial, inhalational, spinal, topical and
		transdermal routes of drug
		administration.
	11	Give examples of drugs given through
		oral, sublingual, rectal, intramuscular,
		subcutaneous, intradermal, intravenous,
		intra- arterial, inhalational, spinal,
		topical and transdermal routes of drug
		administration.
	12	Describe the difference between
		topical and transdermal routes of
		drug administration.
	13	Describe the difference between
		subcutaneous and intradermal
		routes of drug administration.
Absorption of	14	Define drug absorption.
drugs		
	15	Describe various mechanisms of
		drug absorption like simple

		diffusion, facilitated diffusion, active
		transport, ion-pair transport,
		endocytosis and filtration with
		examples.
	16	Describe the concept of ionization of
		drug molecules and clinical
		significance of ion trapping.
	17	Describe factors affecting drug
		absorption.
Bioavailability	18	Define bioavailability, bioequivalence
and		and pharmaceutical
Bioequivalence		equivalence.
	19	Explain Time-Concentration curve.
	20	Describe AUC (Area Under the
		Curve).
	21	Describe the factors affecting
		bioavailability.
Hepatic first- pass	22	Describe hepatic first-pass effect
effect (Pre-		(Pre-systemic elimination) and its
systemic		clinical significance.
elimination)		
 Enterohepatic	23	Define enterohepatic circulation.
circulation		
	24	Describe enterohepatic circulation
		with examples and its clinical
		significance.
Distribution of	25	Define distribution of drugs.
drugs		
	26	Define redistribution of drugs with
		example.
l		

	27	Describe plasma protein binding and its
	27	clinical significance in diseased
		conditions.
	28	Describe factors affecting drug
		distribution.
Volume of	29	Define volume of distribution.
distribution		
	30	Enlist drugs with small volume of
		distribution.
	31	Enlist drugs with large volume of
		distribution.
	32	Apply formula for calculating
		volume of distribution.
	33	Describe volume of distribution with
		reference to its clinical
		significance.
Loading dose	34	Define loading dose of a drug.
	35	Enlist some drugs whereby loading
		dose is administered.
	36	Apply formula for calculating
		loading dose.
Physiological	37	Enlist important physiological
barriers to		barriers to transport of drugs.
Transport of		
drugs		
	38	Describe important physiological
		barriers to transport of drugs like
		blood-brain barrier and placental
		barrier with reference to their
		clinical significance.
Biotransformatio	39	Define biotransformation.
n		
1	1	

(metabolism) of		
drugs		
	40	Define xenobiotics.
	41	Describe the objectives of
		biotransformation and fate of drugs
		after biotransformation.
	42	Name major sites of
		biotransformation.
	43	Describe major drug metabolizing
		enzymes i.e. microsomal (P450) and
		non-microsomal enzymes.
	44	Describe the phases and reactions
		of biotransformation.
	45	Describe the factors affecting drug
		Biotransformation.
Genetic influence	46	Define pharmacogenetics and
on		pharmacogenomics.
biotransformatio		
n of drugs		
	47	Define idiosyncrasy with examples.
	48	Describe the genetic factors
		influencing biotransformation of
		drugs with examples.
Enzyme	49	Define enzyme induction.
induction		
	50	Enlist enzyme inducers.
	51	Describe enzyme induction and its
		clinical significance.
Enzyme	52	Define enzyme inhibition.
inhibition		
	53	Enlist enzyme inhibitors.
	drugs drugs	drugs404041414141414242434343434444454450476enetic influence on biotransformatio n of drugs4748481049induction505151Enzyme inhibition52

	54	Describe enzyme inhibition and its
		clinical significance.
	55	Describe suicide inhibition
		(mechanism-based inhibition) with
		examples of drugs.
Excretion of	56	Define drug excretion and drug
drugs and		clearance.
drug clearance		
	57	Enlist major and minor routes of
		drug excretion.
	58	Differentiate between excretion,
		elimination and clearance.
	59	Apply the formula for calculating
		drug clearance.
Maintenance	60	Define maintenance dose of a drug.
dose		
	61	Apply the formula for calculating
		the maintenance dose.
	62	Apply Young's formula, Dilling's
		formula and Clark's formula for
		calculating doses of drugs.
Plasma half life	63	Define plasma half-life.
	64	Enlist drugs with short half-life.
	65	Enlist drugs with long half-life.
	66	Apply the formula for calculating
		plasma half-life.
	67	Explain the clinical significance of
		half-life.
Steady-state	68	Define steady-state concentration of
concentration of		drugs.
drugs		

	69	Describe the time to reach steady-
	0,	state concentration of drugs.
	70	Describes the importance of steady-
	70	
		state concentration in clinical
		practice.
First- and zero-	71	Define first- and zero-order
order kinetics		kinetics.
	72	Differentiate between first- and
		zero-order kinetics with examples.
	73	Explain the clinical significance of
		first- and zero-order kinetics
Bioassay and	74	Define bioassay and
standardization		standardization.
	75	Describe the relative importance of
		bioassay compared with physical or
		chemical assays.
	76	Describe the most common type of
		bioassay, i.e. three-point assay.
Introduction to	77	Define pathology, microbiology and
the subject		list its major branches
	78	Describe essential characteristics of
		five major groups of microorganisms
	79	Differentiate between prokaryotes and
		eukaryotic cells based on their
		structure and complexity of their
		organization
Introduction to	80	Define cell
cell		
	81	Describe structure of cell
		membrane
	82	Describe cell organelles
	Bioassay and standardization Bioassay and standardization Introduction to the subject Introduction to the subject Introduction to the subject	order kinetics7272727373Bioassay and standardization747575Introduction to the subject76Introduction to the subject787979Introduction to cell8081

Classification of	83	Describe classification of bacteria
Bacteria		based on oxygen requirement as
		aerobes and anaerobes with
		examples.
	84	Describe classification of bacteria
		based on staining characteristics,
		nature of cell wall, ability to grow in
		the presence of oxygen and
		ability to form spores.
Structure of	85	Describe structure and function of each
bacterial cell		of various parts of the bacterial cell
		including cell wall, cytoplasmic
		membrane, Mesosome,
		ribosomes, granules and nucleoid
	86	Describe specialized structures
		outside the cell wall including
		capsule, flagella, pilli and
		glycocalyx
	87	List the differences between cell
		wall characteristics of Gram
		Positive and Gram Negative Bacteria
	88	Describe classification and
		important functions of plasmids.
	89	Describe functions and arrangement
		of transposons.
	90	Describe structure, functions and
		medical importance of bacterial
		spores with examples.
Bacterial growth	91	Describe various phases of bacterial
curve		growth curve
Normal Flora	92	Describe medically important
		members of normal flora and their
		anatomic location

Bacterial	93	Define mutation
genetics		
	94	Describe the classification of various
		types of mutations and their
		common causes.
	95	Describe methods of transfer of DNA
		within bacterial cells including process
		of conjugation, transduction,
		recombination and
		transformation.
Lab diagnosis of	96	Describe the bacteriologic approach to
bacterial		diagnosis of bacterial infections
infections		including blood, throat, stool, sputum,
		spinal fluid, urine, genital
		tract and wound cultures.
	97	Describe general principals of
		various immunologic and nucleic
		acid based methods for
		identification of an organism.
Bacterial	98	Define the term pathogen, infection,
pathogenesis		virulence, communicable, endemic,
		epidemic and pandemic diseases,
		carrier, pathogens, opportunists,
		commensals and
		colonizers.
	99	Describe stages/determinants of
		bacterial pathogenesis.
	100	Describe colonization, invasion,
		toxins, immune-pathogenesis.
	101	Differentiate between exotoxins
		and endotoxins.
	102	Describe the various modes of
		action of endotoxins and endotoxins

			produced by gram positive and
			gram-negative bacteria.
		103	Describe the four stages of a typical
			infectious disease and Koch's postulates
			for establishing the causal role of an
			organism in the
			disease.
	Antibacterial	104	Define immunization and
	Vaccines		vaccination.
		105	Describe role of immunization in
			inducing active and passive
			acquired immunity.
		106	Enlist the current bacterial vaccines
			and their indications.
		107	Describe various types of bacterial
			vaccines in terms of
			composition, preparation, indications,
			route of administration
			and common side effects.
Forensic	Introduction to the	108	Describe forensic medicine and its
medicine	subject of		various branches
	Forensic		
	Medicine		
		109	Describe pillars of forensic medicine
	Introduction to	110	Define law.
	Law		
	Introduction to	111	Describe code of medical ethics
	medicolegal		
	system		
		112	Describe the terminology in forensic
			medicine

		111	Discuss different prevailing
			medicolegal systems in the world
		114	Describe its various types.
		115	Describe the relevant sections of
			Pakistan penal code and CrPC
		116	Describe court procedures
	Chain of	117	Describe evidence, its types and
	evidence		recording of evidence.
	Medical	118	Describe laws in relation to medical
	jurisprudence		practice
		119	Describe the components of medical
			jurisprudence (consent, negligence,
			secrecy, professional misconduct
			and privileged communication)
ENT	Introduction to	120	Describe common ENT symptoms.
	the subject		
		121	Name common diseases of ENT.
		122	Name recommended books that
			students must read.
Ophthalmology	Introduction to	123	Define Ophthalmology and its
	the subject; Career		branches
	in		
	Ophthalmology		
		10.1	
		124	Highlight the scope of field of
	Defrector	105	Ophthalmology as a future career
	Refractory	125	Describe refractive error and its
	errors	126	effect on vision.
		126	Describe the concept of myopia and its correction.

		127	Describe the concent of
		127	Describe the concept of
			hypermetropia and its correction.
		128	Describe the concept of astigmatism
			& cylindrical lens.
		129	Describe the concept of presbyopia,
			it's possible causes and correction.
		130	Describe aphakia and possible
			methods of its correction.
	Watery Eyes	131	Explain the structural details,
			development and functions of
			lacrimal system.
		132	Correlate the clinical presentation
			of watery eye with anatomical
			structures.
		133	Correlate the clinical features with
			a disease entity.
		134	Describe the causes, clinical
			features and treatment of
			congenital nasolacrimal duct
			obstruction.
		135	Assess the time of probing.
		136	Describe the causes, clinical
			presentation and treatment
			modalities.
		137	Differentiate between acute and
			chronic dacryocystitis.
Community	Introduction to	138	Define Community medicine and
Medicine	the subject		Public health
		139	Describe the role of teaching of
			public health in prevention of
			diseases
L		1	

Health	and	140	Define community medicine, public
disease	unu	110	health and preventive medicine.
uisease		141	Discuss the history and philosophy of
		141	
			public health as well as its concepts and
			functions regionally &
			globally.
		142	Describe the stages in the natural
			history of a disease.
		143	Describe epidemiological triad, web of
			causation and multifactorial
			causation
		144	Describe the dimensions and
			determinants of health
		145	Describe the indicators of health
			and its characteristics
		146	Discuss the concept of disease
			control
		147	Discuss the different levels of prevention
			and their modes of
			interventions.
		148	Explain the natural history of
			disease.
		149	Describe the iceberg phenomenon
		150	Describe mode of intervention of diseases
			with emphasis on health
			education.
Primary	Health	151	Define Primary health care (PHC).
Care			
		152	Describe the elements of PHC, its
			principles and strategies for
			implementation of PHC.
			L ·

		153	Describe Health for all by the year
			2000.
		154	Enumerate the MDGS & SDGS
			related to health.
PRIME	Code of ethics	155	Describe PMC`s code of ethics
		156	Compare PMC code of ethics with
			international code of medical ethics
		157	Describe the composition and
			functions of PMC
		158	Describe duties of a registered
			medical practitioner
	Personal	159	Describe the parameters and
	identity		methods of personal identity
	Professional	160	Describe professional identity
	identity		
	ujury, Ageing and D		Looming objectives
Theme-2 (Cell in Subject	ujury, Ageing and Do	eath) Sr.	Learning objectives
			Learning objectives At the end of this module,
			At the end of this module,
			At the end of this module,
Subject	Торіс	Sr.	At the end of this module, the students of year-3 will be able to:
Subject	Topic Pharmacodynam	Sr.	At the end of this module, the students of year-3 will be able to:
Subject	Topic Pharmacodynam	Sr. 161	At the end of this module, the students of year-3 will be able to: Define pharmacodynamics.
Subject	Topic Pharmacodynam	Sr. 161	At the end of this module, the students of year-3 will be able to: Define pharmacodynamics. Define agonist, antagonist, partial
Subject	Topic Pharmacodynam	Sr. 161	At the end of this module, the students of year-3 will be able to: Define pharmacodynamics. Define agonist, antagonist, partial agonist and inverse agonist with
Subject	Topic Pharmacodynam	Sr. 161 162	At the end of this module, the students of year-3 will be able to: Define pharmacodynamics. Define agonist, antagonist, partial agonist and inverse agonist with examples.
Subject	Topic Pharmacodynam	Sr. 161 162 163	At the end of this module, the students of year-3 will be able to: Define pharmacodynamics. Define agonist, antagonist, partial agonist and inverse agonist with examples. Describe receptors.
Subject	Topic Pharmacodynam	Sr. 161 162 163	At the end of this module, the students of year-3 will be able to: Define pharmacodynamics. Define agonist, antagonist, partial agonist and inverse agonist with examples. Describe receptors. Define orphan receptors, serpentine

	160	Describe intracellular Second-
	166	
		messenger system and enlist some
		important Second-messengers.
	167	Describe up regulation and down
		regulation of receptors with
		examples.
	168	Define drug selectivity and
		specificity.
Dose-response	169	Define dose response curve, graded
curves (Graded		dose-response curve and quantal dose-
and		response curve.
Quantal)		
	170	Describe graded dose-response
		curve and quantal dose-response
		curve.
	171	Describe the limitations of graded dose-
		response curve and its remedy
		in a quantal dose-response curve.
	172	Describe the significance of
		constructing dose-response curves.
	173	Explain the advantages of taking log
		dose values on the dose axis.
 Therapeutic	174	Define therapeutic index.
index		
	175	Describe therapeutic index with
		reference to its clinical importance.
	176	Apply formula for calculating
		therapeutic index.
	177	Define median lethal dose, median
		toxic dose and median effective
		dose.
	178	Enlist some drugs with narrow
		therapeutic index.

		179	Enlist some drugs with broad
			therapeutic index.
	Protective index	180	Define protective index.
		181	Differentiate between therapeutic
			index and protective index.
	Therapeutic	182	Define therapeutic window.
	window		
		183	Describe therapeutic window with
			reference to its clinical importance.
	Potency and	184	Define potency and efficacy.
	efficacy		
		185	Describe potency and efficacy with
			examples.
		186	Describe the clinical importance of
			efficacy compared to potency.
	Drug antagonism	187	Define drug antagonism.
		188	Enlist types of antagonism.
		189	Describe chemical, physiological
			(functional) and pharmacological
			(competitive/surmountable and non-
			competitive) antagonisms with
			examples.
	Drug	190	Define drug interaction.
	interactions		
		191	Define drug incompatibilities with
			examples.
		192	Describe pharmacokinetic drug
			interactions with examples and its
			clinical significance.
		193	Describe pharmacodynamics drug
			interactions with examples and its
			clinical significance.

Image: series of the series		194	Describe drug-food interactions and
Image: space of the symmation of the symmation of the symmation of the sympation of the sympathy is and potentiation with examples.Tolerance and Tachyphylaxis196Define Tolerance, cross tolerance, reverse tolerance (sensitization), innate tolerance, tachyphylaxis and drug resistance.Image: space of the symmatric of the symmetry of th			drug-disease interactions with
Image: second			examples.
Tolerance and Tachyphylaxis196Define Tolerance, cross tolerance, reverse tolerance (sensitization), innate tolerance, tachyphylaxis and drug resistance.197Describe the mechanisms of development of tolerance and tachyphylaxis.198Define drug holidays with example.Adverse drug reactions199Define drug holidays with example.Adverse drug reactions199Define drug holidays with example.Adverse drug reactions199Define drug holidays with example.Adverse drug reactions200Classify adverse effects of drugs, secondary effects of drugs.200Classify adverse drug reactions.201Describe dose-related adverse effects (side effects and toxic effects) with examples.202Describe non-dose-related adverse effects (idiosyncrasy and drug allergy) with examples.203Describe causes of adverse drug reactions.204Enlist some drugs causing hepatotoxicity.205Enlist some drugs causing renal toxicity.206Enlist some drugs causing adverse		195	Define summation, synergism and
Tachyphylaxisreverse tolerance (sensitization), innate tolerance, tachyphylaxis and drug resistance.191Describe the mechanisms of development of tolerance and tachyphylaxis.192Define drug holidays with example.193Define drug holidays with example.194Adverse drug reactions199195Define adverse effects of drugs, secondary effects of drugs and intolerance to drugs.196200Classify adverse drug reactions.197Describe dose-related adverse effects (side effects and toxic effects) with examples.198201Describe non-dose-related adverse effects (idiosyncrasy and drug allergy) with examples.199203Describe causes of adverse drug reactions.199203Describe causes of adverse drug reactions.199204Enlist some drugs causing hepatotoxicity.199205Enlist some cardiotoxic drugs.199206Enlist some cardiotoxic drugs.			potentiation with examples.
Internal <td>Tolerance and</td> <td>196</td> <td>Define Tolerance, cross tolerance,</td>	Tolerance and	196	Define Tolerance, cross tolerance,
Image: second	Tachyphylaxis		reverse tolerance (sensitization), innate
Image: Constraint of the second sec			tolerance, tachyphylaxis and
development of tolerance and tachyphylaxis.198Define drug holidays with example.Adverse drug reactions199Define adverse effects of drugs, secondary effects of drugs and intolerance to drugs.200Classify adverse drug reactions.201Describe dose-related adverse effects (side effects and toxic effects) with examples.202Describe non-dose-related adverse effects (idiosyncrasy and drug allergy) with examples.203Describe causes of adverse drug reactions.204Enlist some drugs causing hepatotoxicity.205Enlist some drugs causing renal toxicity.206Enlist some drugs causing adverse207Enlist some drugs causing adverse			drug resistance.
Image: second		197	Describe the mechanisms of
Image: Secondary effects of drugs, secondary effects of drugs, secondary effects of drugs and intolerance to drugs.200Classify adverse drug reactions.201Describe dose-related adverse effects (side effects and toxic effects) with examples.202Describe non-dose-related adverse effects (idiosyncrasy and drug allergy) with examples.203Describe causes of adverse drug reactions.204Enlist some drugs causing hepatotoxicity.205Enlist some drugs causing renal toxicity.206Enlist some drugs causing adverse			development of tolerance and
Adverse drug reactions199Define adverse effects of drugs, secondary effects of drugs and intolerance to drugs.200Classify adverse drug reactions.201Describe dose-related adverse effects (side effects and toxic effects) with examples.202Describe non-dose-related adverse effects (idiosyncrasy and drug allergy) with examples.203Describe causes of adverse drug reactions.204Enlist some drugs causing hepatotoxicity.205Enlist some drugs causing renal toxicity.206Enlist some drugs causing adverse			tachyphylaxis.
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Image: Solution of the sector of the secto	Adverse drug	199	Define adverse effects of drugs,
200Classify adverse drug reactions.201201Describe dose-related adverse effects (side effects and toxic effects) with examples.202202Describe non-dose-related adverse effects (idiosyncrasy and drug allergy) with examples.203Describe causes of adverse drug reactions.204Enlist some drugs causing hepatotoxicity.205Enlist some drugs causing renal toxicity.206Enlist some cardiotoxic drugs.207Enlist some drugs causing adverse	reactions		secondary effects of drugs and
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202Describe non-dose-related adverse effects (idiosyncrasy and drug allergy) with examples.203Describe causes of adverse drug reactions.204Enlist some drugs causing hepatotoxicity.205Enlist some drugs causing renal toxicity.206Enlist some cardiotoxic drugs.207Enlist some drugs causing adverse			effects (side effects and toxic
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allergy) with examples.203Describe causes of adverse drug reactions.204Enlist some drugs causing hepatotoxicity.205Enlist some drugs causing renal toxicity.206Enlist some cardiotoxic drugs.207Enlist some drugs causing adverse		202	Describe non-dose-related adverse
203Describe causes of adverse drug reactions.204Enlist some drugs causing hepatotoxicity.205Enlist some drugs causing renal toxicity.206Enlist some cardiotoxic drugs.207Enlist some drugs causing adverse			effects (idiosyncrasy and drug
reactions.204Enlist some drugs causing hepatotoxicity.205Enlist some drugs causing renal toxicity.205Enlist some drugs causing renal toxicity.206Enlist some cardiotoxic drugs.207Enlist some drugs causing adverse			allergy) with examples.
204Enlist some drugs causing hepatotoxicity.205Enlist some drugs causing renal toxicity.205Enlist some drugs causing renal toxicity.206Enlist some cardiotoxic drugs.207Enlist some drugs causing adverse		203	Describe causes of adverse drug
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205 Enlist some drugs causing renal toxicity. 206 Enlist some cardiotoxic drugs. 207 Enlist some drugs causing adverse		204	Enlist some drugs causing
interview interview interview 206 interview 207 interview 207			hepatotoxicity.
206 Enlist some cardiotoxic drugs. 207 Enlist some drugs causing adverse		205	Enlist some drugs causing renal
207 Enlist some drugs causing adverse			toxicity.
		206	Enlist some cardiotoxic drugs.
affects on reproduction		207	Enlist some drugs causing adverse
enects on reproduction.			effects on reproduction.

	New drug	208	Describe the processes involved in
	development		drug discovery and development.
		209	Define lead compound and drug
			screening.
		210	Describe pre-clinical and clinical
			studies.
		211	Define placebo, placebo response
			and nocebo response.
		212	Define no-effect dose and minimum
			lethal dose.
		213	Describe phases of clinical trials.
		214	Define post-marketing surveillance.
		215	Define single-blind, double-blind,
			crossover and ADME studies.
		216	Describe the role of Food and Drug
			Administration (FDA) in the drug
			development process.
		217	Differentiate between IND
			(Investigational New Drug) and NDA
			(New Drug Application).
Pathology	Cellular injury,	218	Define the following terms:
	cell death		Pathology, disease, etiology,
			pathogenesis, morphology, cell
			injury and homeostasis.
		219	Describe the causes of cell injury from
			gross physical trauma to single
			gene defect.
		220	Describe the nature and severity of
			cell injury with cellular responses.
		221	Enumerate different classes of
			pathology.

	222	Describe the following basic
		mechanisms of cell injury: General
		Biochemical mechanisms, Ischemic
		and hypoxic injury,
		Ischemic/reperfusion injury, Free
		radical induced cell injury and
		chemical injury.
	223	Differentiate between reversible
		and irreversible cell injury.
	224	Describe the mechanism,
		morphological and biochemical
		changes and functional alterations in
		reversible and irreversible cell
		injury.
	225	Define phagocytosis, endocytosis,
		pinocytosis, autophagy and
		heterophagy.
	226	Describe the subcellular responses to
		injury including lysosomal
		catabolism, heterophagy and
		autophagy.
Cellular	227	Describe types of cellular
adaptation		adaptations.
	228	Differentiate between physiologic
		and pathologic adaptation.
	229	Define hypertrophy, hyperplasia,
		atrophy and metaplasia.
	230	Describe the causes and mechanism
		of hypertrophy, hyperplasia,
		atrophy and metaplasia.
	231	Describe hypertrophy of the smooth
		endoplasmic reticulum with
	1	

		examples and mitochondrial
		alterations.
	232	Describe cytoskeletal abnormalities in
	232	pathological states with
		examples.
Necrosis	233	Define necrosis.
	234	Describe types of necrosis with
		examples.
	235	Describe the mechanism and
		morphology of necrosis.
Apoptosis	236	Define apoptosis.
	237	Describe physiological and
		pathological causes of apoptosis
		with examples.
	238	Describe morphology with
		alterations in cell structure.
	239	Describe the biochemical features of
		apoptosis altering the cell
		structure.
	240	Describe the intrinsic and extrinsic
		pathways of apoptosis.
	241	Differentiate between necrosis and
		apoptosis.
	242	Describe role of apoptosis in health
		and disease.
	243	Describe the mechanism and causes of
		cellular ageing including genetic &
		environmental factors, structural
		& biochemical changes.
	244	Describe adaptive changes in
		clinical settings.
	<u> </u>	

	Steatosis	245	Describe causes and mechanism of
			steatosis.
		246	Explain the morphology and
			consequences of steatosis.
	Intracellular	247	Describe three general pathways for
	accumulations		abnormal intracellular
			accumulations.
		248	Define steatosis.
		249	Describe causes, mechanism,
			morphology and consequences of
			lipid accumulation.
		250	Describe causes, mechanism,
			morphology, consequences of
			protein and glycogen accumulation
		251	Describe types of pigments
		252	Differentiate between endogenous
			and exogenous pigments.
	Pathologic	253	Define Pathologic calcification
	calcification		
		254	Describe types, morphology and
			functional alterations of pathologic
			calcification with examples.
		255	Differentiate between dystrophic
			and metastatic calcification.
ForensicIntroductiontoMedicineThanatology;	Introduction to	256	Define death and describe its phases.
	Thanatology;		
	Death		
		257	Describecriteriaofdiagnosisofdeath.
		258	Define cause, mode, manner and
			mechanism of death
	Death	259	Describe the WHO format of death
	certificate		certificate

		260	Enlist various methods of disposal of
			dead body
	Post-mortem	261	Enlistimmediate, early and late post-
	changes		mortem changes.
	Death	262	Define cause of death
	certificate		
		263	Listthecontentofinternationalcause
			of death certificate.
		264	Fill the international cause of death
			certificate with the help of scenarios.
Ophthalmology	Cataracts	265	Define cataract
		266	Describe the types of cataracts
		267	Describe the pathogenesis and
			complications of cataracts
		268	Describe the management of
			cataracts
PRIME	Research	269	Describe the steps of developing a
	Protocol		research protocol
	Health system	270	Define research and health system
	research		research.
		271	List types of research.
		272	Describecharacteristicsofhealthsystem
			research.
		273	Describe building blocks of health
			system.
		274	Discuss key areas of concern in health
			system.
		275	Discussbrieflyresearchmethodology.
	Pr	actical	work

Pharmacology	Lab protocols;	276	Describe the general protocols for
- mar macorogy	Apparatus used		working safely and efficiently in
	in Pharmacy		Pharmacology labs.
		277	Identify common apparatus used in
			Pharmacy.
	Metrology &	278	Define metrology.
	Medical	270	Define mediology.
	abbreviations		
		279	Describe Metric and Imperial systems
		21)	of measurements.
		280	Calculate the equivalency of Metric
			system with Imperial system.
		281	Describe common medical
			abbreviations.
		282	Apply these abbreviations correctly
			in medical documentations.
	Dosage forms of	283	Define dosage form.
	drugs		
		284	Enlist the types of dosage forms.
		285	Describe the characteristic
			properties of each dosage form.
		286	Identify dosage forms administered
			through different routes.
	Searching	287	Define formulary.
	information in a		
	formulary		
		288	Describe National Formulary.
		289	Demonstrate searching accurate
			information quickly in a formulary.
	Demonstration of	290	Describe the general protocols for IM and
	Intramuscular		IV injections of drugs.
	and Intravenous		

	injections of		
	drugs on a		
	dummy (manikin)		
		291	Demonstrate standard protocols
			during administration of a drug
			through Intramuscular route.
		292	Demonstrate standard protocols
			during administration of a drug
			through Intravenous route.
	Prescription	293	Define medical prescription.
	writing		
		294	Describe the components of a
			prescription.
		295	Describe how to reduce medication
			errors.
		296	Define compliance to treatment and
			describe how to improve it.
		297	Write down the basic format of drug
			prescription.
Pathology	Biosafety	298	Define sterilization and disinfection.
	procedures/Prec		
	autions in		
	Microbiology Lab		
		299	Demonstrate steps of hand washing.
		300	Enlist various physical and chemical
			methods of sterilization and disinfection.
		301	Define biosafety and biosecurity.
	Tissue	302	Describe steps involved in tissue
	processing		processing.

		303	Identify various tools/instruments
			involved in tissue processing and
			their indications.
		304	Demonstrate slide focusing.
Gr	am staining	305	Describe principal and significance
			of Gram staining.
		306	Enlist steps of Gram staining.
		307	Demonstrate Gram staining
			procedure.
		308	Identify Gram positive and Gram-
			negative bacteria morphologically
			under the microscope.
ZN	N staining	309	Describe principal and significance
			of ZN staining.
		310	Enlist steps of ZN staining.
		311	Demonstrate ZN staining procedure.
		312	Identify AFB and inflammatory cells
			microscopically.
Cu	ulture media	313	Define terms like culture, bacterial
			colony, media, aerobe, anaerobe,
			agar, selective and differential.
		314	Describe classification of culture
			media.
		315	Describe basic and enriched media,
			transport media, selective media and
			differential media.
		316	Describe preparation/ inoculation of
			culture media.
		317	Enlist ingredients, indications,
			important properties
			and organisms grown on various
			culture media.

	Bacterial	318	Enumerate motile bacteria
	motility		
		319	Identify motile bacteria under the
			microscope
	Hyperplasia	320	Define hypertrophy and hyperplasia.
	(BPH)		
		321	Differentiate between hypertrophy
			and hyperplasia.
		322	Describe gross and microscopic
			morphology of BPH.
		323	Identify the slide of BPH.
	Atrophy	324	Define atrophy
	(Testicular		
	atrophy)		
		325	Describe gross and microscopic
			features of atrophy over a slide of
			testicular atrophy as an example
	Pathologic	326	Describe causes and various types of
	calcification		calcification.
		327	Identify the slide.
Forensic	Death	328	Formulate death certificate based
Medicine	certificate		on WHO criteria

Legal procedure	329	Doctor in a witness box- role play
Recording of evidence	330	Recording of dying declaration
Consent form	331	Take written informed consent for various procedures



Time Table for 3rd Year MBBS Student (Session 2023—2024)

Foundation II Module

Week 1

Day/Date	08:00—09:00am	09:00—10:00am	10:00—11:00am	11:00am- 01:00pm	01:00pm02:00pm	02:00pm—	4:30pm
		Т	Theme 1:Molecules,	bacteria & Cell	Injury		
Monday 23-01-2023 Tuesday 24-01-2023	Patho Introduction to subject Dr. Mohtasim Billah LGF Patho Introduction to cell Dr. Mashal LGF	Pharma Introduction to subject Dr. S.M Jadoon LGF Pharma Nomenclature + Sources + Active principles of Drugs	Prime Professional identity formation Dr. Mehreen F. Medicine Introduction to F. Medicine + Pillars of F. Med			Pharma:P1, Bate Dr. Waqas, Dr. Fazli F Patho:P1, Bate Dr. Jawad, Dr. Zai Pharma:P1Bate Dr. Waqas, Dr. Tause Patho:P1Bateh Dr. Jawad, Dr. Mas	Rabbi, Dr. Tauseef h B1, B2, B3 nab, Dr. Aisha h B1, B2, B3 ef, Dr. Fazli Rabbi h A1, A2, A3
Wednesday 25-01-2023	Research Health System research Dr. Naeem LGF	Dr. S.M Jadoon LGF Patho Classification of Bacteria Dr. Khalida LGF	Dr. Abdullah Pharma Routes of Drugs administration Dr. Somia LGF	Hospital Work	Prayer Break	Pharma:SGD1, Ba Dr. Tauseef, Dr. Waqa Patho:P2, Batc Dr. Aisha, Dr. Zain	tch A1, A2, A3 as, Dr. Fazli Rabbi h B1, B2, B3 ab, Dr. Mashal
Thursday 26-01-2023	ENT Introduction to ENT Dr. M. Said LGF	Structure of Dr. Aisha +	ology bacterial Cell + Dr. zainab GD			Pharma:SGD1 Ba Dr. Tauseef, Dr. Waqa Patho:P2 Batch Dr. Aisha, Dr. Zain	as, Dr. Fazli Rabbi A1, A2, A3
Friday 27-01-2023	Ophthalmology Introduction to subject Dr. Bilal	Pharma Absorption of Drugs Dr. Halima LGF	Patho Bacterial growth curves Dr. Khalida LGF	Pha S	—12:00pm arma iDL mia Afzal	12:00—02:00pm Friday Prayers	02:00pm— 4:30pm SDL

Abbreviations:

Patho P1: Bio Safety Procedures........... Venue: Patho Lab: 02 LGF Venue: 3rd Year Lecture Hall Patho P2: Gram staining...... venue: Patho Lab: 02 **Pharma P01:** Lab protocols, apparatus in pharmacy..... Venue: Pharma Lab Pharma SGD 01: Sources of Drugs... Venue: Pharma Lab



Time Table for 3rd Year MBBS Student (Session 2023—2024)

Foundation II Module

Week 2

Day/Date	08:00—	09:00—10:00am	10:00—11:00am	11:00am—	01:00pm—	02:00pm-	–4:30pm
	09:00am			01:00pm	02:00pm		
		Theme : N	Iolecules, bacteria & Cell	Injury			
Monday 30-01-2023	Pathology Normal Flora Dr. Sadia LGF	Pharma Bioavailability+bioequailence +hepatic first pass effect+interohepatic circulation Dr. Halima LGF	F. Medicine Medical ethics Dr. Zaheer LGF			Dr. Fazl e Rabbi,	qas ch B1, B2, B3
Tuesday 31-01-2023	OphthalmologyPharmaPathoRefractory errorsDistribution of Drugs+volume ofBacterial GeneticsDr. Bilal LGFdistributionDr. Zainab LGFDr. Halima LGFDr. Halima LGFDr. Zainab LGF	phthalmologyPharmaefractory errorsDistribution of Drugs+volume ofDr. Bilal LGFdistribution	Hosp	Pray	Pharma:SGD2, E Dr. Fazl eRabbi, Wa Patho:P3, Bat Dr. Jawad, Dr.Z	qas ch A1, A2, A3	
Wednesday 01-02-2023	Pharma Physiological barriers to transport of drugs Dr. Halima LGF	Patho Conjugation, Transduction & transformation Dr. Mashal LGF	Pharma Biotranformation of Drugs Dr. Fazli Rabbi LGF	Prayer Break Hospital Work	Pharma:P2, Ba Dr. Waqas, Dr. F Tau: Patho:P4, Bat Dr. Mashal, Dr. A	Fazl e Rabbi, Dr. seef ch B1, B2, B3	
Thursday 02-02-2023	Ophthalmology Astigmatism + Presbiopia + Aphakia Dr. Hamza LGF	Pharma Genetic influence on biotransformation of drugs Dr. Somia LGF	F. Medicine Terminology+Medicolegal system in world Dr. Khalid Khan LGF			Pharma:P2, Ba Dr. Waqas, Dr. F Tau: Patho:P4, Bat Dr. Mashal, Dr. Ja	seef ch A1, A2, A3 Dr. Zainab,
Friday	F. Medicine	Pharma		11:00am	—1:00pm		02:00pm—
03-02-2023	Types of	Enzyme induction & inhibition	Patho		•	1:00—	4:30pm
bbreviations:	Law+court procedures Dr. Shahid LGF	Dr. Halima LGF	Lab Diagnosis of Bacterial infection Dr. Zahir Shah LGF	Hospital Work		02:00pm Friday Prayers	SDL

Abbreviations:

Patho P3: ZN staining...... Venue: Patho Lab 02 Patho P4: Bacterial Motility...... Venue; Patho Lab 02 Pharma P02: Metrology and Medical Abbreviation..... Venue: Pharma Lab Pharma SGD 02: Merits & Demerits of various routs of drugs administration..... Venue: Pharma Lab



Time Table for 3rd Year MBBS Student (Session 2023-2024)

Foundation II Module

Week 3

Day/Date	08:00—09:00am	09:00—10:00am	10:00—11:00am	11:00am—	01:00pm—	02:00pm—	4:30pm
			Thoma Malagulas, Ba	01:00pm	02:00pm		
N4	Di ama a		Theme :Molecules, Bac	cteria & Cell Inju	ry		(
Monday	Pharma		atho			Pharma:SGD3, Ba	
06-02-2023	Excretion of Drugs &	-	on, Exotoxin, Endotoxin			Dr. Fazl eRabbi, Dr. Ta	auseer, Dr. waqas
	clearance		ode of action			Patho:P5, Batcl	D1 D2 D2
	Dr. Halima LGF		+ Dr. Zarmina GD			Dr. Zainab + Dr. Ais	
Tuesday	Patho	Pharma	F. Medicine			Pharma:SGD3,Ba	
Tuesday 07-02-2023	Bacterial	Maintenance dose.	Evidence+recording			Dr. Fazl eRabbi, Dr. Ta	
07-02-2023	Pathogenisis	loading	of evidence			DI. Fazi erabbi, DI. T	auseei, Di. Waqas
	Dr. Khalida LGF	dose+plasma half	or evidence		פ	Patho:P5,Batch	Δ1 Δ2 Δ3
	DI. MIAIUA LOF	life	Dr. Abdullah LGF	Н		Dr. Zainab + Dr. Ais	
		Dr. Halima LGF	DI. Abdullari EGI	Hospital Work	Prayer Break	Dr. Zanab i Dr. Ak	
Wednesday	Pharma	Patho	F. Medicine	oita	er	Pharma:P03, Bat	ch 41 42 43
08-02-2023	Steady state conc of	Stages of typical	Laws related to	- <	B	Dr. Fazl eRabbi, Dr. Ta	
00 02 2020	drugs + half life	infection +	Medical	Vo	e a		
	Dr. Halima LGF	immunization &	Jurisprudence	F	~	Patho:SGD1, Bat	ch B1, B2, B3
		vaccination	Dr. Zaheer LGF			Dr. Zainab + Dr. Ais	
		Dr. Zahir Shah LGF					
Thursday	Pharma	Ophthalmology	Pharma			Pharma:P 03, Bat	ch B1, B2, B3
09-02-2023	Bio assay &	Watery Eye	Pharmacodynamics			Dr. Fazl eRabbi, Dr. Ta	
	standardization	Dr. Hamza LGF	Dr. S.M Jadoon LGF				•
	Dr. S.M jadoon					Patho:SGD1, Bat	ch A1, A2, A3
	LGF					Dr. Zainab + Dr. Ais	sha + Dr. Jawad
Friday	F. Medicne	Pharma	Pharma	11:00am-	—1:00pm		02:00pm—
10-02-2023	Professional	Molecular	Drug Antagonism	······		1:00—02:00pm	4:30pm
	misconduct &	Mechanism of	Dr. S.M Jadoon LGF	Hospita	al Work	Friday Prayers	SDL
	privileged	Receptors					
	communication	Dr. S.M Jadoon					
	Dr. Abdullah LGF	LGF					

Abbreviations:

Patho P5: Hyperplasia (BPH)..... Venue; Patho Lab 02 Pharma P03: Dosage forms of Drugs..... Venue: Pharma Lab Patho SGD1: Tissue Processing...... Venue: Patho Lab 02 Pharma SGD 03: Tolerance & Tachyphylaxis Venue: Pharma Lab



Time Table for 3rd Year MBBS Student (Session 2023—2024)

Foundation II Module

Week 4

Day/Date	08:00—09:00am	09:00—10:00am	10:00—11:00am	11:00am— 01:00pm	01:00pm— 02:00pm	02:00pm—	4:30pm
			Theme : Ag				
Monday 13-02-2023	Ophthalmology Naso Lacrimal duct obstruction Dr. Bilal LGF	Pharma Dose response curve+ receptors regulations Dr. S.M Jadoon LGF	F. Medicine Death & its Phases. Dr. Shahid LGF			Pharma:P 4, Bat Dr. Fazl eRabbi, Dr. T Patho:P6, Batc Dr: Jawad + Dr. Ais	auseef, Dr. Waqas h B1, B2, B3
Tuesday 14-02-2023	F. Medicine Mechanism of Death Dr. Shahid LGF	Ophthalmology Dacryocystitis Dr. Bilal LGF	F. Medicine Diagnosis + cause of death Dr. Zaheer LGF	Hospit	Praye	Pharma:P 4, Bat Dr. Fazl eRabbi, Dr. T Patho:P6, Batc Dr: Jawad + Dr. Ais	auseef, Dr. Waqas h A1, A2, A3
Wednesday 15-02-2023	F. Medicine Death Certificate + Death body disposal Dr. Zaheer LGF	Pathology Cell Injury & types Dr. Mohtasim Billah LGF	Research Research Protocols Dr. Iftikhar LGF	Hospital Work	Prayer Break	Pharma:DSL01, Ba Dr. Fazl eRabbi, Dr. T Patho:SGD,2 Bat Dr. Zahir Shah + Dr. /	auseef, Dr. Waqas ch B1, B2, B3
Thursday 16-02-2023	F. Medicine Early postmortem Changes Dr. Abdullah LGF	Pathology Reversible & irreversible Cell Injury Dr. Nazish LGF	F. Medicine Late Postmortem Changes Dr. Khalid LGF			Pharma:DSL 01, B Dr. Fazl eRabbi, Dr. T Patho:SGD,2 Bat Dr. Zahir Shah + Dr. Z	auseef, Dr. Waqas ch A1, A2, A3
Friday 17-02-2023	Ophthalmology Cataract Dr. Hamza	PRIME Professionalism Dr. Muslim	Patho Cellular Adoptation Dr. Zarmina LGF		—1:00pm al Work	1:00—02:00pm Friday Prayers	02:00pm—4:30pm SDL

Abbreviations:

Patho P 6: Testicular Atrophy..... Venue: Patho Lab 02

 Patho SGD 2:
 Immunity + bacterial vaccines.... Venue: Patho Lab 02
 Pharma P04:
 Demonstration of Intramuscular & Intravenous injections on a dummy..... Venue: Pharma

 Lab
 Pharma DSL 01:
 Clinical Trials..... Venue: Pharma Lab



MEDICAL TEACHING INSTITUTION

BACHA KHAN MEDICAL COLLEGE MARDAN

Time Table for 3rd Year MBBS Student (Session 2023—2024)

Week 5

Day/Date	08:00—09:00am	09:00—10:00am	10:00—11:00am	11:00am— 01:00pm	01:00pm— 02:00pm	02:00pm—4	1:30pm
	•	•	Theme : Aging & Death				
Monday 20-02-2023	Patho Pathological Calcification Dr. Jawad LGF	Pharma Drug interaction Dr. Halima LGF	Pathology Apoptosis Dr. Nazish LGF			Pharma: P 05, Batch Dr. Tauseef, Dr. Fali R Patho:P7, Batch Dr: Jawad + Dr. Zaina	abbi, Dr. V B1+B2+B
Tuesday 21-02-2023	Patho Necrosis Dr. Zahir Shah LGF	C. Medicine Introduction to c. Medicine + Concept of disease Dr. Huma LGF	Pharma Adverse Drug reactions Dr. Halima LGF	Hos	Pra	Pharma: P 05, Batc Dr. Tauseef, Dr. Fali R Patho:P7, Batch A Dr: Jawad + Dr. Zaina	abbi, Dr. W A 1 + A2 + A
Wednesday 22-02-2023	F. Medicine Death Certificate Dr. Abdullah LGF	PRIME Orientation to Clinical rotation Dr. Imtiaz Ud Din	C. Medicine Healthn Determinants, Dimention and indicators + SDGs Dr. Huma LGF	Hospital Work	Prayer Break	Forensic:SGD01, Batcl Dr. Abdullah+Dr. zahe Iqbal Patho: P8, Batch Dr.Mashal + Dr. Zaina	eer+Dr. Sh B1+B2+B
Thursday 23-02-2023	Pharma New Drug developments Dr. Halima Saadia LGF	Pathology Steatosis Dr. Komal LGF	Community Medicine Primary Health Care Dr. Huma LGF			Forensic:SGD01, Ba Dr. Abdullah+Dr. zahe Iqbal Patho: P8, Batch A Dr. Mashal + Dr. Zaina	eer+Dr. Sh \1 + A2 + /
Friday 24-02-2023	PRIME Patient safety Dr. Imtiaz ud Din LGF	Pharma Therapeutic Index + Therapeutic Window Dr. S.M Jadoon LGF	Research Process of Health research Dr. Naeem LGF	11:00 am to Hospita		1:00—02:00pm Friday Prayers	2:00 4:30 SE

Procedure, Recording of evidence, consent **F. Med SGD-1:** Death Certificate, Legal Procedure, Recording of evidence, consent For

Contact Hours Foundation II

Module.

	3rd Professional MBBS, 2023												
		1st Week				2nd Week 3rd Week		4th Week		5th Week			
	S.No	Subjects	LGF	P/SGD	LGF	P/SGD	LGF	P/SGD	LGF	P/SGD	LGF	P/SGD	Total Hours
	1	ENT	1										1
	2	Ophthalmology	1		2		1		3				7
Ţ	3	Pathology	6	8	4	8	4	8	3	8	4	8	61
nnc	4	Pharma	4	8	6	8	7	8	1	8	4	4	58
dat	5	C. Medicine									3		3
Foundation II	6	F. Medicine	1		3		3		6		1	4	18
=	7	Research	1						1		1		3
	8	Prime	1						1		2		4
	9	SDL	2		2		2		2		2		10
	TOTAL									165			

LEARNING METHODOLOGIES:

The following teaching/learning methods are used to promote better understanding:

- Lectures (Large group format)
- Small group discussions
- Lab practical.
- Case based learning
- Tutorials

LEARNING SITES

- ➤ Lectures Halls
- Practical Lab
- ➤ Hospital Wards
- Hospital OPD
- ➤ Library
- ≻ SLRC

LEARNING RESOURCES

RECOMMENDED BOOKS

Pharmacology

- 1. Basic and Clinical Pharmacology by Katzung, 10th Ed., McGraw-Hill.
- 2. Pharmacology by Champe and Harvey, 2nd Ed., Lippincott Williams & Wilkins.

Pathology

- 1. Pathological Basis of Disease by Kumar, Cortan and Robbins, 7thEd., W.B. Saunders.
- 2. Medical Microbiology and Immunology by Levinson and Jawetz,9th Ed., McGraw-Hill.
- 3. Medical Genetics by Jorde, 3rd Ed., Mosby.
- 4. Clinical Pathology Interpretations by A. H. Nagi
- 5. Review of Medical Microbiology by Jawetz

Forensic Medicine

- 1. Simpson's Forensic Medicine by Barnard Knight, 11th Ed.Edward Arnold,London.
- 2. Parikh's Text book of Medical Jurisprudence, Forensic Medicine and Toxicology by C.K. Parikh 6th Ed., CBS Publisher.
- 3. Buchanan"s Text book of Forensic Medicine and Toxicology byBuchanan, 9th ed., Livingstone.
- 4. G. Principles and Practice of Forensic Medicine by Prof. Nasib R. Awan.
- 5. Medical Jurisprudence and Toxicology by Dr. SiddiqueHussain.
- 6. Textbook of Forensic Medicine & Toxicology KrishanVij (4th Edition)

Research and biostatistics

- 1: Park's text book of preventive and social medicine
- 2: A synopsis of epidemiology and basic statistics (Ali Muhammad Mir)
- 3: Statistics at square one (TDVS winscow)
- 4: Essentials of research design and methodology. (GeoferryMarczyk)
- 5. Text book by Illyas Ansari.
- 6. The essentials of clinical epidemiology (Robert H)

MEDICINE

- 1. Kumar and Clark for Medicine 8th edition 2012
- 2. Davidson

ASSESSMENT BLUE PRINT

Introduction

The year-3 will be assessed in 3 blocks

1) Block-G (Foundation 2 and Infection and Inflammation modules) will be assessed in paper-G

2) Block-H (Multisystem, blood and MSK modules) will be assessed in paper-H

3) Block-I (CVS and Respiratory module) will be assessed in paper-I

4) Each written paper consists of 120 MCQs and

5) Internal assessment will be added to final marks in KMU as shown in table below.

6) In OSPE, each station will be allotted 6 marks, and a total of 120 (plus 10% marks of internal assessment) marks are allocated for each OSPE/OSCE examination Practical assessment will be in the form of OSPE/OSCE which will also include embedded viva stations. The details of each section are given in the tables given below.

Paper-G (Foundation 2 and Infection &Inflammation)

Tab	le-1:	MC	Os
			×

Subject	Foundation 2 module	Infection and Inflammation module	Total MCQs
Pharmacology	22	20	42
Pathology	15	23	38
Forensic medicine	7	08	15
Community medicine	3	05	08
ENT	1	03	04
Eye	3	02	05
PRIME including Research	1+2(3)	0	03
Medicine	0	01	01
Surgery	0	02	02
Gynecology	0	01	01
Pediatrics	0	01	01
Total	54	66	120

Subject	Foundation 2 module	Viva stations	Infection and Inflammation module	Viva stations	Total OSPE/OSCE stations (for final exam*)		
Pharmacology	6	1	01	1	2		
Pathology	9	1	13	1	6		
Forensic medicine	4	1	03	1	2		
Community medicine		1	1		2		
Medicine	OSCE statio	on for histor	y and physical exami	nation	1		
Surgery	OSCE stati	OSCE station for history and physical examination					
Total	19	3	17	3	12+8 (viva) = 20		

*out of total of 36 OSPE/OSCE stations, 12 will be allocated for final exam, plus 6 vivastations and 2 OSCE stations. A minimum of 20 stations will be used in final exams.Total marks will be 120 (6 marks for each station).